Beginning - Launch

Conditions for Success			
What is the teacher doing?	What are the students doing?	Evidence	
 Instructional Look Fors □ Uses the lesson objective as a goal and articulates the objective to the students □ Uses guiding questions to focus the purpose of the lesson □ Connects the lesson to prior experience and/or real-world 	 Rephrase what the lesson objective is in their own words Discuss the lesson objective with a partner, then the class Connect the learning objective with the math that they studied previously and see where the math is going 	T: Teacher S: Student Ss: Students	
 context for students Provides background information necessary for students to engage in the lesson (including vocabulary) 	 Clarify "What are we learning? Why are we learning it? What are we learning it through?" 		
 Uses a problem to launch/introduce the lesson to attract students' attention Spends adequate time (approximately 10 – 15 minutes) on introducing the lesson 			
Collaborative Learning Look Fors Makes team roles and responsibilities known to students Uses an arrangement of student desks that allows for collaborative learning (i.e. groups of 4) Uses Vertical non-permanent surfaces with small groups during the lesson 			

Conditions for Success				
What is the teacher doing?	What are the students doing?	Evidence		
 Instructional Look Fors □ Intentionally uses a variety of classroom modes: whole group, small group, partner, individual □ Intentionally uses student roles and responsibilities during the lesson □ Circulates the room, listening to student conversations and 	 Working independently Working with a partner Working in groups Actively listen and participate by asking questions Show their thinking using concrete manipulatives, models, pictures, words, 	T: Teacher S: Student Ss: Students		
 gathering formative assessment information Advances student understanding by asking questions that build on, but do not take over or funnel, student thinking Dravidee enpreprinte wait time 	 and/or equations Explain their strategy and/or reasoning Explain another students' strategy and/or reasoning Critique the reasoning of their 			
 Provides appropriate wait time for students to process and make sense of the tasks Circulates the room and selects and sequences strategies from student work for whole class 	 Critique the reasoning of their partner Find connections between their strategy and their partner's strategy Explain and analyze the similarities and differences 			
 Asks selected students to explain their strategies to the class and has the class analyze the strategies 	 between the strategies that have been presented Agree/disagree, add on to, or restate/rephrase one another's thinking 			
Prompts the class to make connections between the strategies presented by students and their own thinking				
 Elicits student's ideas and leverages them towards developing formal mathematical vocabulary and procedures 				
Collaborative Learning Look Fors Creates an opportunity for students to discuss with a partner or small group to make				
 Sense of the math task(s) Facilitates structured mathematical discourse among students 				
 Poses sentence starters or questions to initiate partner or group conversations Provides students time to think 				
and discuss with a partner or small group before asking for a student to share their work				

Conditions for Success				
What is the teacher doing?	What are the students doing?	Evidence		
Instructional Look Fors ☐ Connects the learning objective with the math task from the lesson	Make connections between today's various approaches and the mathematical ideas at the heart of the lesson	T: Teacher S: Student Ss: Students		
Revisits the guiding questions and shows students that the learning from the lesson answers those questions	Formalize the big ideas discussed in their own words and make connections to prior learning			
Paraphrases and summarizes student thinking to make connections to larger mathematical ideas	Share their thinking aloud about guiding questions as part of a whole class discussion to deepen connections and			
Assesses where students are in their understanding of the math in the lesson (either formally or informally)	reflect on their learning □ Self-assess and monitor their own progress toward the learning objective			
Provides students the opportunity to self-assess and monitor their own understanding towards the	 Identify areas in which they need to improve Solve problems on their own 			
learning objective	making decisions about which strategies are most effective			
Collaborative Learning Look Fors Uses a collaborative instructional strategy so that students summarize their learning with a partner or small group	for a given problem □ Check their work and revise their thinking			

After the classroom visit, record your observations of the educator's instructional strengths and opportunities for growth.

Strengths Observed	Growth Opportunities
Questions/Wonderings	Feedback/Next Steps